# Demographics, Demand for Higher Ed, & Facilities Planning

Nathan D. Grawe | Carleton College

The views presented are solely those of the author and do not represent those of Carleton College



Source: William H Frey analysis of U.S. Census population projections released March 13, 2018 and revised September 6, 2018

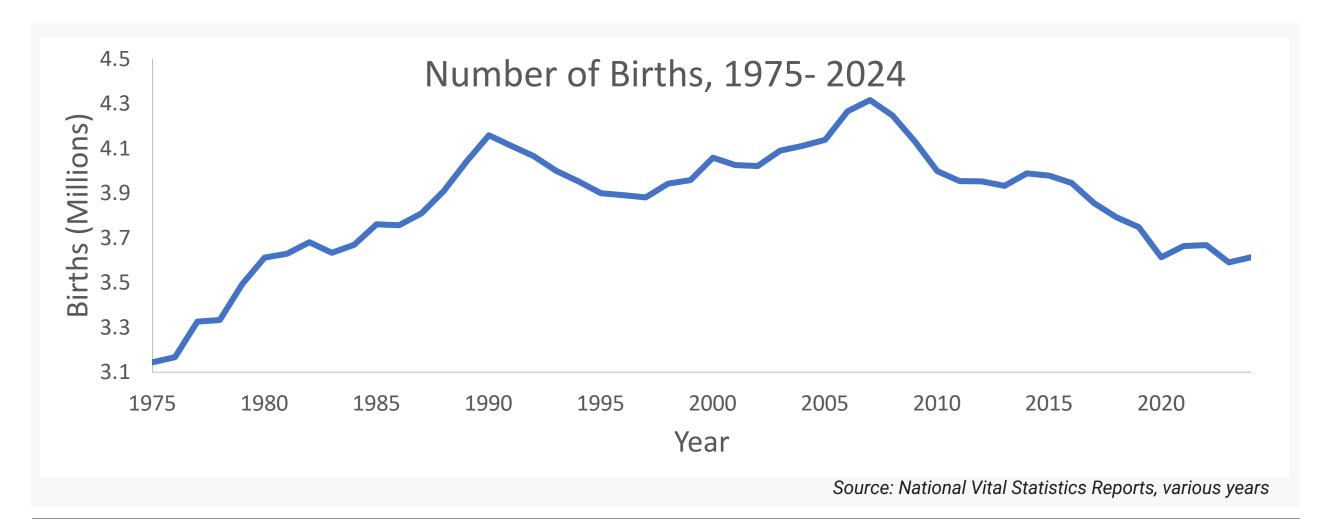
B Metropolitan Policy Program

# Year When Non-Hispanic Whites Become Minority

- Tipping-point year around mid-century
- Younger generations are more diverse
- Those under 18 have already passed tipping-point year
- Those of traditional collegegoing age reach tipping point in next decade.



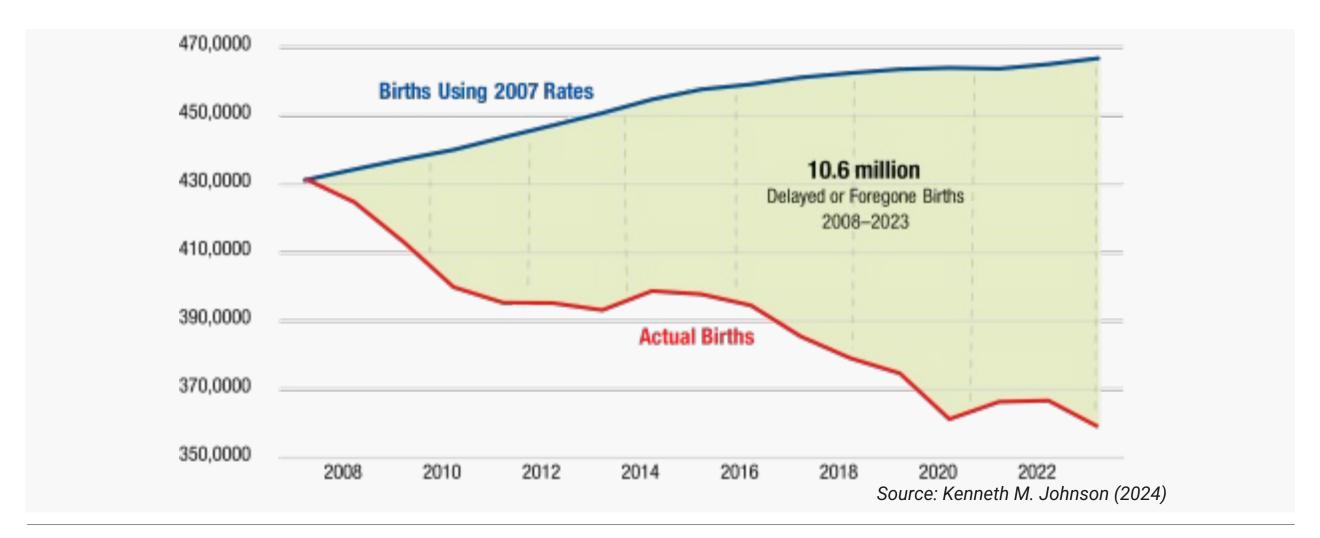
# A History of US Births Levels not seen since 1980.





## Consequence of Fertility Decline

Cumulative total: 9.6 million delayed or foregone births





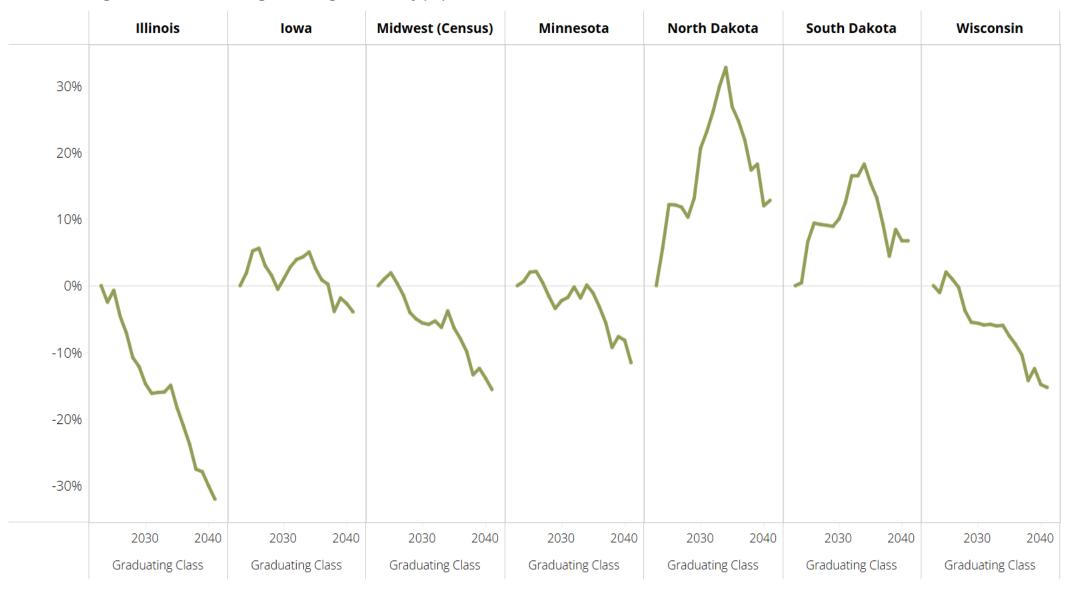
# Declining Traditional-Age Market for Higher Education

National Change 2023 to 2041: Down 10%





#### Percent change in the number of high school graduates by population from 2023



Western Interstate Commission for Higher Education. (2024). *Knocking at the College Door*. www.wiche.edu/knocking
See the notes page for more information.



Data Notes





### **Exporting Our Future**

Minnesota Sends More Students Away Than It Attracts

#### **Share of State's HS Grads Who Study in Home State**

National Average: 78%

Weighted Average of MN & surrounding states: 73%

MN: 63%

#### **Net Migration Relative to HS Grads**

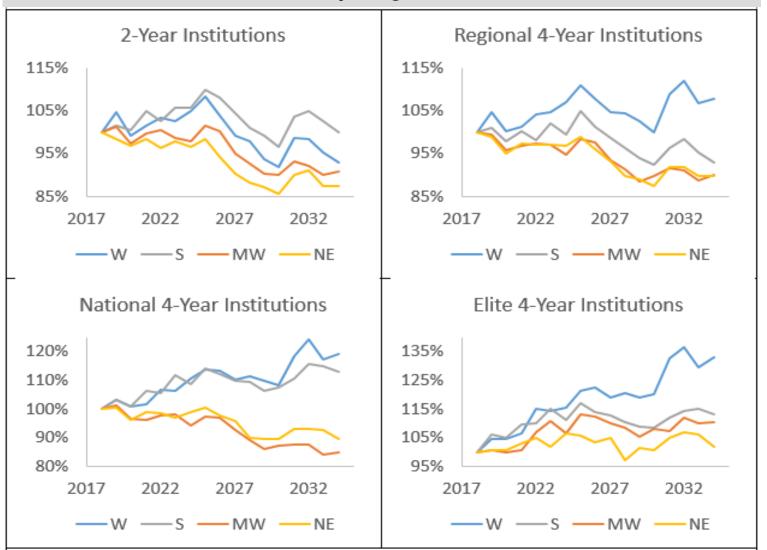
Weighted Average of MN & surrounding states: +8%

MN: -18% (7,400 students)\*

\*Net 0 migration would eliminate ~80% of WICHE projected decline



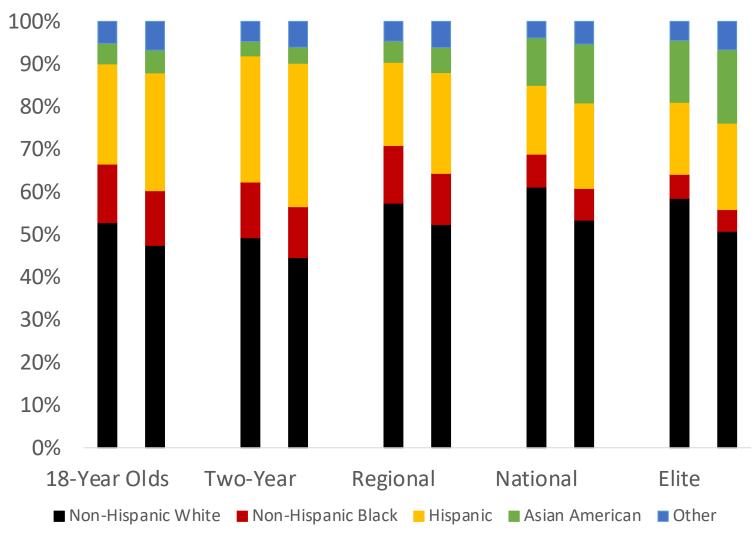
# Projected Number of College-Going Students Relative to 2018, by Region



Source: Author's calculations based on data from the American Community Survey (2017), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention National Vital Statistics Reports (2018, 67(7)), 2009 High School Longitudinal Study (restricted and unrestricted), and the Panel Study of Income Dynamics (2011; 2015)

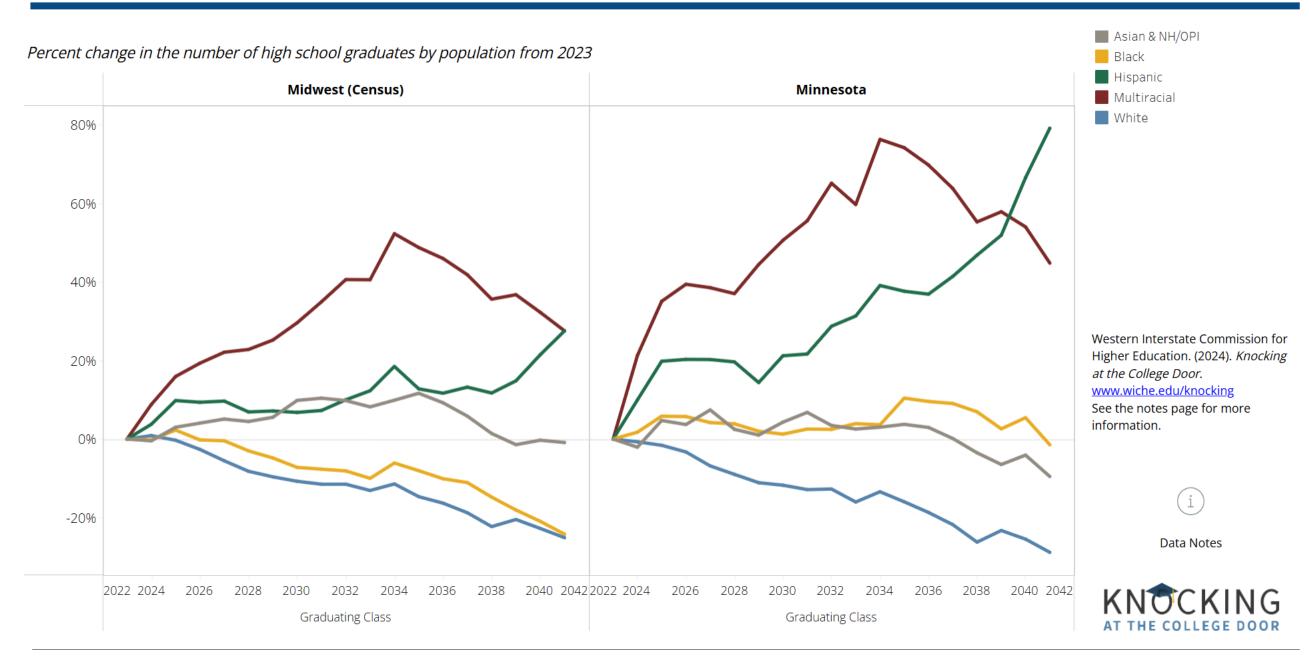


# Race/Ethnicity Distribution of College-Going Students, 2018/19 and 2033/34



Source: Author's calculations based on data from the American Community Survey (2017), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention National Vital Statistics Reports (2018, 67(7)), 2009 High School Longitudinal Study (restricted and unrestricted), and the Panel Study of Income Dynamics (2011; 2015)



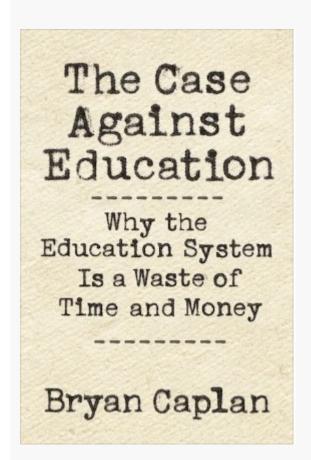




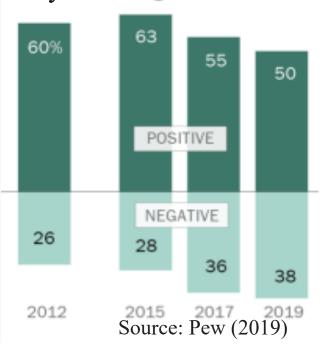
# Challenges Leading Up to Contraction

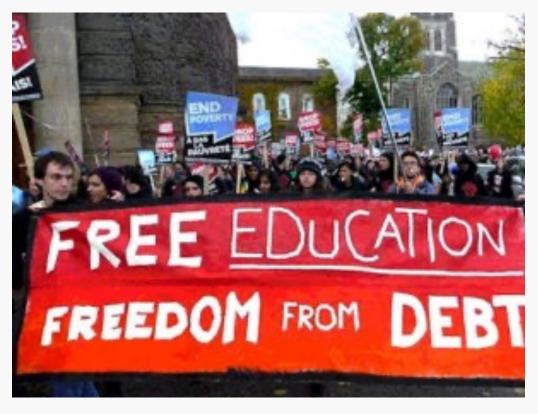
### **Cultural Trends**

#### Evidence of higher ed's exceptional ROI is questioned



Share of Americans saying colleges and universities have a \_\_\_\_ effect on the way things are going in the country Among all adults

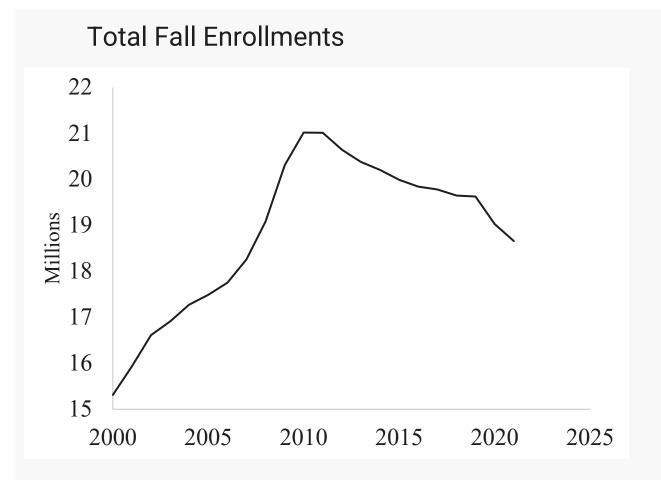


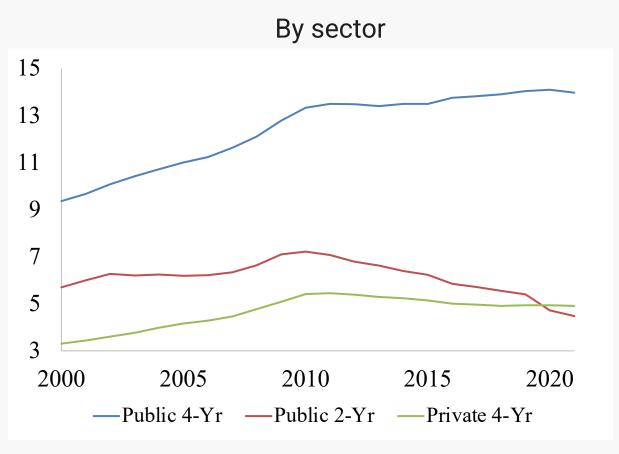




### Consequences for Higher Education

#### New era in enrollment

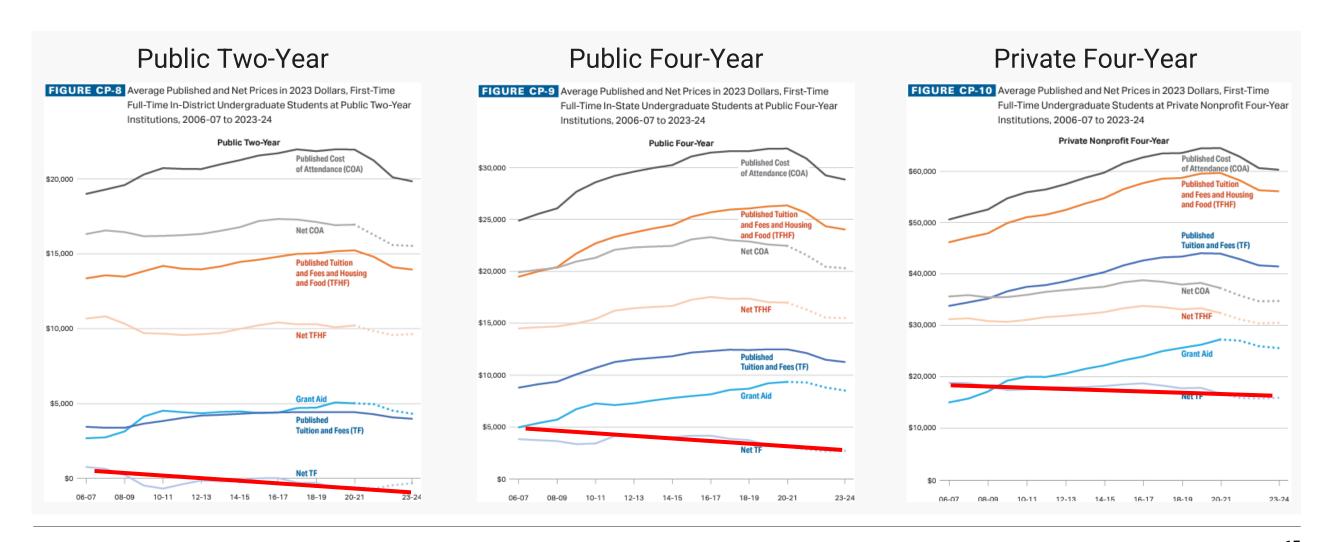






### Consequences to Others in Higher Education

Stagnant net fee income, 2006-07 to 2023-24

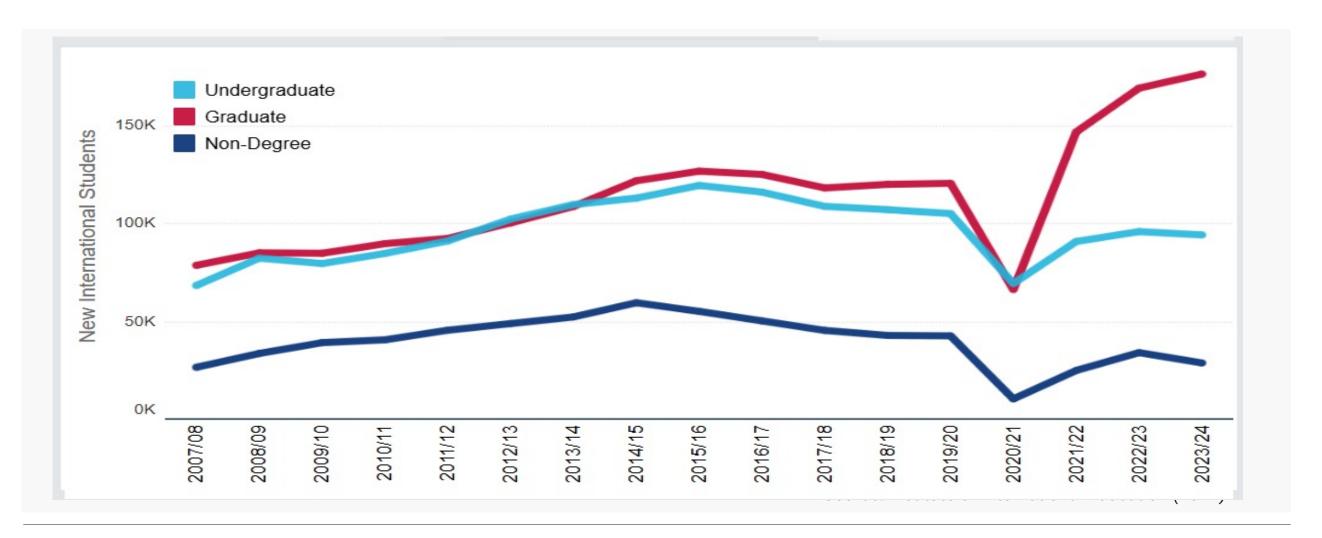




# Higher Education Responds

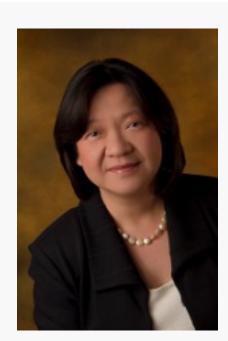
### New International Student Enrollments

Evidence of increased competition





## Preparing for a Turn to New Student Groups



Pam Eddinger President, Bunker Hill Community College

"Unless we have had professional development along the way that invites us to think about equity work, a lot of educators are caught within the questions 'Why aren't you bringing me the right students? What is wrong with students today?'... Unless you are deeply reflective institutionally, you don't go to question [ingrained practices]."



### College Recruitment Reality

Challenging arithmetic



Population = p

HS graduation rate = g

Matriculation rate = 62%

Enrollments E= 0.62\*p\*g

#### Possible Future

Population = 0.83p

HS graduation rate = g

Matriculation rate = m increases sufficiently to maintain enrollment

Solution  
m = 
$$\frac{1}{0.83}$$
\*0.62 = 0.75



### **Attention to Student Success**









# **Academic Programming**









### Collaboration

### System collaboration











# Better, Not Bigger

Deliberate reduction in size





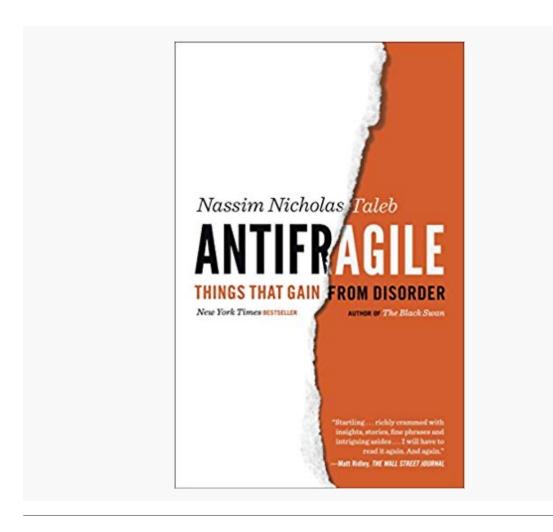
# Facilities Connections

### A World with Fewer Students

- Budgetary challenge of many fixed costs of facilities & facilities staff Less demand for dorms
- Higher perceived risk -> higher interest rates for debt-financed projects
- Less demand for dorms
- New approach to deferred maintenance?
- Increased occasions to moth-ball?



### A Constructive Metaphor



"Antifragility is beyond resilience or robustness. The resilient resists shocks and stays the same; the antifragile gets better."



# Thank You

Nathan D. Grawe | Carleton College

### **Data Sources**

- Autor, David, Arindrajit Dube, and Annie McGrew. 2023. "The Unexpected Compression: Competition at Work in the Low Wage Labor Market," NBER Working Paper w31010.
- Bailey, Martha J., Janet Currie, and Hannes Schwandt. 2022. "The Covid-19 Baby Bump: The Unexpected Increase in U.S. Fertility Rates in Response to the Pandemic." NBER Working Paper 30569.
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Various years. National Vital Statistics Reports.
- Institute of International Education. 2022. "New International Students Enrollment, 2007/08-2021/22" Open Doors Report on International Educational Exchange.
- National Student Clearinghouse Research Center. 2022. "COCID-189 Stay Informed" October 20, 2022.
- Pew Research Center. 2019. "The Growing Partisan divide in Views of Higher Education." https://www.pewresearch.org/social-trends/2019/08/19/the-growing-partisan-divide-in-views-of-higher-education-2/
- Panel Study of Income Dynamics, public use dataset. Produced and distributed by the Survey Research Center, Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, MI 2019.
- Ruggles, Steven J., Sarah Floor, Ronald Goeken, Josiah Grover, Erin Meyer, Jose Pacas, and Matthew Sobek. 2019. *IPUMS USA: Version 9.0 American Community Survey*. Minneapolis: IPUMS.
- United States Census Bureau. "Summary File." 2017 American Community Survey. U.S. Census Bureau's American Community Survey Office, 2019.
- U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, High School Longitudinal Study of 2009 (HSLS:09), "Base Year, 2009."
- U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, High School Longitudinal Study of 2009 (HSLS:09), "First Follow-up, 2009."
- U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, High School Longitudinal Study Carle of Carle of